Possible Improvements of Methodology for Calculating Radiation Detriment in the Future

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ICRP Task Group 102 Radiation Detriment Calculation Methodology

Detail the detriment calculation in Publication 103

Identify potential improvements in calculation procedures

Solid basis for future recommendations

Procedure for Calculating Radiation Detriment

1 Nominal risk calculation

Steps

- 1. Calculation of lifetime excess cancer risk
 - 2. Transfer of risk estimates across populations
 - 3. Application of a dose and dose-rate effectiveness factor (DDREF)
 - 4. Integration of the risk of heritable effects
 - 5. Averaging over populations and sexes

Inputs

- Baseline rates
- Cancer risk models
- Cancer-free survival
- Age-distribution of populations

Dependent on radiation dose

2 Severity adjustment

- 6. Adjustment for lethality
- 7. Adjustment for quality of life
- 8. Adjustment for years of life lost

- Lethality fraction
- Minimum weight for non-lethal cancers
- Years of cancer-free life lost

Independent of radiation exposure

Areas for Improvement

- Update of baseline data and parameters
- Revision of risk models
- Handling of variation with sex and age
- Increasing transparency and comprehensibility
- Consideration of non-cancer effects

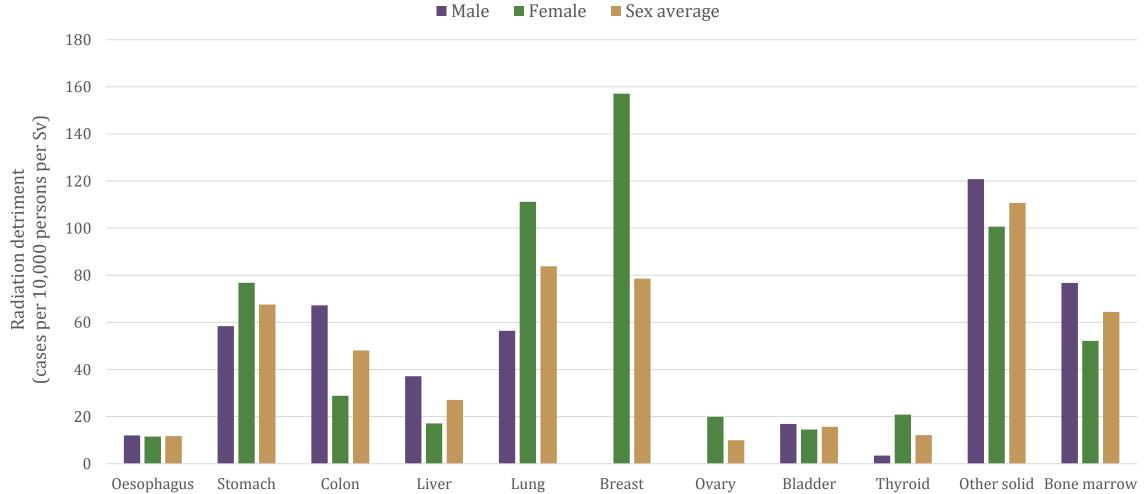
Update of Baseline Data and Parameters

- Cancer incidence rates and mortality rates
- Populations other than selected Asian and Euro-American
- Severity adjustment
 - Update of lethality fractions and years of cancer-free life lost
 - Revision of QOL factors
 - Review of the way of adjusting severity (Consideration of using QALY or DALY)

Revision of Risk Models

- Update of the LSS model with longer follow-up
- Consideration of modifying factors other than sex and age
- More cancer site-specific models
- Models based on epidemiological studies other than LSS
- Validation of underlying assumptions
 - Dose response, DDREF
 - Risk transfer scheme
- Revision of the risk estimates for heritable effects

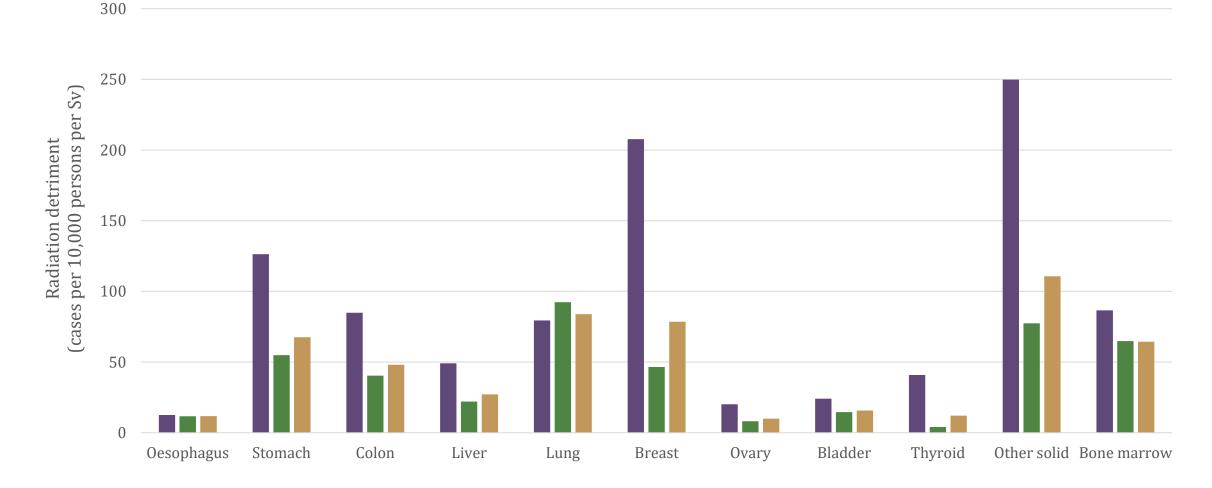
Variation with Sex



Female

Variation with Age at Exposure

■ 0-14 y ■ 18-64 y ■ 0-89 y



Handling of Variation

- Risk estimation process
 - Calculate lifetime risks (relative detriments) separately for sexes, ages/age groups, and other influential factors.
 → Science-based risk assessment
 - Average the estimates in the last stage.

 \rightarrow Integration of information for RP purposes

Consideration of exposure scenario

Increasing Transparency and Comprehensibility

- Full description of the calculation steps
- Development of an open-source software
- Way of expressing detriment
 (Alternative to the radiation detriment)
- Illustration of the data on reference populations

Consideration of Non-Cancer Effects

- Disease of the circulatory system (DCS) and cataract
- Uncertainty in dose response at low/moderate doses
- Classification of effects
- Statistics on baseline rates
- Adjustment for severity
- Target tissues for DCS

Ongoing Work in ICRP Committee 1

- Dose response, DDREF
- Consideration of DCS
- Cancer risk models
- Severity adjustment
- Risk of hereditary effects

- → Task Group 91
- → Task Group 119

 \rightarrow C1 Subgroups