# Future Trends and Applications in Diagnostic Nuclear Medicine

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## RADIATION DOSE TO PATIENTS IN DIAGNOSTIC NUCLEAR MEDICINE





## Next-Generation Imaging Systems & Al Reconstruction

- Total-body / half-body PET/CT: up to 40× higher sensitivity → <1 mSv studies & faster scans</li>
- Deep-learning CT reconstruction, photon-counting CT: 30-70 % dose reduction



### Nuclear Medicine Imaging for Clinical Decision-Making and Individualized Treatment

### Oncology

- Prostate cancer: PSMA-ligand PET detects oligometastases → Enables metastasisdirected external-beam-radiotherapy → Improve patients' prognosis (including overall survival)
- Breast cancer: <sup>18</sup>F-FES PET visualizes ER-positive lesions → Guides hormone therapy or local treatment → Improve patients' prognosis
- 68Ga/18F-FAPI PET for various tumours and inflammation
- **Cardiology:** <sup>18</sup>F -Flurpiridaz PET assesses myocardial perfusion with higher accuracy → Improves coronary artery disease detection

### Neurology

- Amyloid PET integral to Alzheimer's biological diagnosis & anti-amyloid therapy selection
- Tau PET visualizes Tau pathologies in Alzheimer diseases → Spots Tau-positive patients → Enhances development of therapies such as anti-Tau drugs (such as tautargeting antisense oligonucleotides)



# Companion Diagnostics for Novel Radionuclide Therapies

- 68Ga-SSTR2 PET → selects NET patients for <sup>177</sup>Lu-DOTATATE / <sup>225</sup>Ac-DOTATATE
- $^{68}$ Ga/ $^{18}$ F-PSMA PET  $\rightarrow$  guides  $^{177}$ Lu-PSMA-617 &  $^{225}$ Ac-PSMA therapy in prostate cancer
- 89Zr-Girentuximab (CAIX) PET → developing <sup>177</sup>Lu-CAIX RLT for renal cell carcinoma
- IIIn-ETNO29 SPECT → imaging DLL3 to guide <sup>225</sup>Ac-ETNO29 therapy in SCLC, NEPC, and NEC
- 68Ga-NeoB PET → screens breast & GI tumors for <sup>177</sup>Lu-NeoB RLT

